
GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Mark scheme

June 2023

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

M	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
A	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
B	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent. eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values $a \leq \text{value} < b$
3.14...	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles.

Diagrams

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

Further work

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

Continental notation

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(a)	3	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(b)	43	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1(c)	32	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2(a)	4	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2(b)	2 4 4 8 10 11 12 15 or 2 4 4 8 10 or 15 12 11 10 8 or 8 and 10 or $18 \div 2$ or $\frac{8+1}{2}$ th or 4.5th value	M1	full list of numbers in either order allow one missing, extra or transcription error in an otherwise full list of numbers list of first or last five numbers in either order allow only a transcription error in a list of the first or last five numbers oe works out the position of the median in the list
	9	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	Ordered list in the stem of the question can be assumed to be for part (b) unless contradicted by the working seen in the working space		
	Numbers in a list may be seen crossed out in an attempt to find the median		
	Answer 9 from any or no list		M1A1
	Puts list in order then finds the mean		M1A0
	States 4.5th and gives 11.5 (oe)		M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2(c)	13	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
3(a)	D	B1	
	A and E	B1	either order

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
3(b)	Colour spinner with all sections labelled red, blue or green with at least one of each and number spinner with all sections labelled 1, 2, 3 or 4 with at least one of each	B2	B1 one spinner with all sections labelled red, blue or green with at least one of each or one spinner with all sections labelled 1, 2, 3 or 4 with at least one of each
	Additional Guidance		
	Allow any unambiguous labelling eg R for Red		
	Allow any unambiguous splitting into sections eg unrulcd		
	Number spinner under Colour heading and/or Colour spinner under Number heading can score a maximum of B1		
	Sections do not have to be equal		
	Ignore any probabilities given on the spinners		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4	9.5×100 or 950 or $20 \div 100$ or 0.2 or $2 \times 20 \div 100$ or 0.4	M1	oe 930 implies 950 9.3 implies 0.2
	their $950 - 2 \times 20$ or their $950 - 40$ or 910 or $9.5 - 2 \times \text{their } 0.2$ or $9.5 - \text{their } 0.4$ or 9.1	M1dep	oe eg $950 - 20 - 20$ oe eg $9.5 - \text{their } 0.2 - \text{their } 0.2$
	910 cm or 9.1 m	A1	oe
	Additional Guidance		
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts		
	9 m 10 cm on answer line		M1M1A1
	Units may be seen in working but must be seen with the correct value eg 910 on answer line with 910 cm seen in working		M1M1A1
	$9.5 - 2 \times 20 = 910$ centimetres or 9.1 metres		M1M1A1
	$9.5 - 2 \times 20 = 910$ or 9.1		M1M1A0
	Do not ignore further incorrect conversion after correct answer seen eg $910 \text{ cm} = 91 \text{ m}$		M1M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(a)	15	B1	implied by 70 or 345
	(3rd term =) 70	B1ft	ft (their $15 - 1$) $\times 5$
	Additional Guidance		
	15 70 on answer line		B1B1
	15 and/or 70 seen but not final term eg Answer 345		B1B0
	Answer only 345		B1B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(b)	50×2 or 100	M1	
	80	A1	SC1 120 or 5 or 60
	Additional Guidance		
	80, 50, ... on answer line		M1A1
	80, 50, ... in working with answer line blank		M1A1
	80, 50, ... in working with 35 on answer line		M1A0
	$80 + 20 \div 2 = 50$ without answer 80 (embedded answer)		M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(a)	7	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(b)	15	B1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6(c)	20 + 3 or 23 or 10.58	M1	may be implied by a journey (lines or curves) ending at 10.58 on the graph
	Straight line from (10.35, 7) to (10.58, 0)	A1	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square ignore any other working lines on the graph
	Additional Guidance		
	Fully correct graph		M1A1
	Accept unruled line if intention clear		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
7	$25 \times 10.2(0)$ or 255	M1	oe
	$10 - 7 + 3 - 1$ or $3 + 2$ or 5 or $(10 - 7) \times 11.8(0)$ or $3 \times 11.8(0)$ or 35.4(0) or $(3 - 1) \times 11.8(0)$ or $2 \times 11.8(0)$ or 23.6(0)	M1	oe
	their $5 \times 11.8(0)$ or their 35.4(0) + their 23.6(0) or 59	M1dep	oe dep on 2nd M their 35.4(0) and their 23.6(0) must both be from correct methods
	314(.00)	A1	SC2 325.8(0) or 337.6(0)
	Additional Guidance		
	314.0		M3A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
8	Alternative method 1		
	$60 + 70 + 85$ or 215	M1	
	$1000 \div 5$ or 200 or $1000 \div 4$ or 250	M1	oe eg $\frac{1}{5} \times 1000$
	200 and 215 and 250	A1	
	Alternative method 2		
	$60 + 70 + 85$ or 215 or $1 \div 5$ or 0.2 or $1 \div 4$ or 0.25	M1	oe do not accept $\frac{1}{5}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$
	their $215 \div 1000$ or 0.215 or their 215×4 or 860 or their 215×5 or 1075	M1dep	oe eg $\frac{215}{1000}$ 0.86 implies 860 1.075 implies 1075
	0.215 and 0.2 and 0.25 or 860 and 1075 and 1000 or 0.86 and 1.075 and 1	A1	oe decimals, percentages or fractions with a common denominator

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

8 cont	Alternative method 3		
	$60 \div 1000$ or 0.06 or $70 \div 1000$ or 0.07 or $85 \div 1000$ or 0.085 or $1 \div 5$ or 0.2 or $1 \div 4$ or 0.25	M1	oe do not accept $\frac{1}{5}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$
	their 0.06 + their 0.07 + their 0.085 or 0.215	M1dep	oe their 0.06 and their 0.07 and their 0.085 must all be from correct methods
	0.215 and 0.2 and 0.25	A1	oe decimals, percentages or fractions with a common denominator
	Additional Guidance		
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
9	Sometimes true Sometimes true Never true	B3	B1 for each
	Additional Guidance		
	Allow any unambiguous indication eg if a cross is the only indication in a row, take that as the answer		
	A row with a tick and some crosses, mark the tick		
	A row with more than one tick is B0 for that row		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
10(a)	p^3	B1	
	Additional Guidance		
	Accept $1p^3$		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
10(b)	$2a + 11c$	B2	either order B1 $2a$ or $11c$
	Additional Guidance		
	Further incorrect work after a B2 response is B1 eg $2a + 11c = 13ac$		B1
	Further incorrect work after a B1 response is B1 eg $3a + 11c = 14ac$		B1
	$a2 + 11c$ or $2a + c11$		B1
	$a2$ or $c11$		B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
11	$360 \div 9 (= 40)$ and $40 \times 7 = 280$ or $360 \div 9 (= 40)$ and $40 \times 2 (= 80)$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ or $40 \times 2 (= 80)$ and $40 \times 7 (= 280)$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ or $280 \div 7 (= 40)$ and $40 \times 9 = 360$ or $2:7 = 80:280$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ or $360 - 280 (= 80)$ and $80:280 = 2:7$	B2	oe B1 $360 \div 9$ or $280 \div 7$ or 40 oe or $\frac{2}{9}$ or $\frac{7}{9}$ or $360 - 280$ or 80 oe
	Additional Guidance		
	80 and 280 shown on the diagram is not oe for $80 + 280 = 360$		
	$360 \div 9 \times 7 = 280$		B2
	$360 \div 9$ and 40×2 and $2:7 = 80:280$		B2
	$360 \div 9 = 40$ and $2:7 = 80:280$ (40×2 or 40×7 missing)		B1
	$40 \times 7 = 280$ without $360 \div 9$ eg $40 \times 7 = 280$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ ($360 \div 9 = 40$ or 40×2 missing)		B1
	$80:280$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ ($2:7 = 80:280$ missing)		B1
	$360 \div 9 = 40$ and $80 + 280 = 360$ (40×2 or 40×7 missing)		B1
	$280 \div 7 = 40$ and $360 - 280 = 80$ (40×2 or 40×9 missing)		B1
	$280 \div 7$ and 40×2 and $80:280 = 2:7$ ($80 + 280 = 360$ missing)		B1
	$80 + 280 = 360$		B1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
12(a)	Pair of numbers satisfying all criteria	B2	B1 pair of numbers satisfying two criteria eg $c = 20$ $d = 14$ or $c = 7$ $d = 0$
	Additional Guidance		
	c and d can be decimals eg $c = 8.6$ $d = 2.6$		B2
	Correct integer values for B2 $c = 9$ $d = 3$ $c = 8$ $d = 2$ $c = 7$ $d = 1$ $c = 6$ $d = 0$ $c = 5$ $d = -1$		
	Examples of correct integer values for B1 $c = 10$ $d = 4$ $c = 4$ $d = -2$		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
12(b)	Pair of numbers satisfying all criteria	B2	eg $w = 1.9$ $x = 0.7$ B1 pair of numbers satisfying two criteria eg $w = 1.6$ $x = 1$ or $w = 2.4$ $x = 0.2$ or $w = 1.4$ $x = 0.9$ SC1 pair of numbers with a sum of 2.6 satisfying neither inequality
	Additional Guidance		
	$w = 0.7$ $x = 1.9$		SC1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
13	No ticked and appropriate working to show AB and CD are not parallel	B2	B1 any correct angle on the diagram eg 105 opposite the 105 given eg 85 written next to the 95 given or any correct angle which assumes lines are parallel eg 95 written opposite the 105 given or any correct angle evaluation seen in working eg $180 - 105 = 75$
	Additional Guidance		
	Angles must be shown on diagram or clearly identified to score B2		
	Ignore any incorrect or irrelevant terminology alongside correct working		
	“No” may be implied		
	Condone an incorrect angle if not subsequently used		
	Crossed out angles on diagram may be used to support working		
	No and 95 should be 105		B2
	No and 95 written opposite the given 95 and 95 is not equal to 105		B2
	No and 105 opposite the given 105 and 85 next to the 95 and $105 + 85 = 190$ (or should be 180)		B2
	No and 85 written next to the given 95 and 75 written next to the given 105 and $85 \neq 75$		B2
	No and 75 written alongside 105 and 75 written underneath 95 and $95 + 75 = 170$ (or should be 180)		B2
	No and 95 written opposite 105 and the other two angles 75 and $95 + 75 + 75 + 105 = 350$ (or should be 360)		B2
	$95 + 105 = 200$ is not a correct angle evaluation No and $95 + 105 = 200$ and if it is 180 they will be parallel		B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
14	All 3 correct matches	B3	B1 for each correct match
	Additional Guidance		
	Mark intention		
	Matching to more than one box on the right is choice for that match		
			B3

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
15	$496 \div 8$ or 62	M1	oe eg 8×62
	$5 \times$ their 62 or 310	M1dep	oe $496 \times \frac{5}{8}$ is M2
	638 – their 310 or 328 or $(638 - \text{their } 310) \div 2$	M1dep	oe dep on M2
	164	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
16	$12 \times 16 \div 2$ or 96	M1	oe
	their $96 \div 7.5$	M1dep	
	12.8	A1	SC1 25.6 or 6.4
	Additional Guidance		
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts		
	$12.8 \times 7.5 = 96$, 96 on answer line		M1M1A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
17	2 correct matches	B2	B1 for 1 correct match
	Additional Guidance		
	Mark intention		
	Matching to more than one box on the right is choice for that match		
	Name Quadratic sequence Linear sequence Fibonacci-type sequence Sequence 4, 5, 9, 14, 23... -3, 1, 5, 9, 13... -4, -1, 1, 5, 12... 8, 11, 16, 23, 32...		B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
18	1 – 0.04 or 0.96 or $0.04 \times 1\,000\,000$ or 40 000 or 960 000	M1	oe eg $1 - \frac{4}{100}$ 1 040 000 implies M1
	Full method for exactly 5 compounded percentage calculations with their multiplier	M1	oe eg $1\,000\,000 \times \text{their } 0.96^5$
	[800 000, 820 000] with M2 awarded	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	815 372.(...) or 815 373 with M2 awarded		M1M1A1
	Answer 800 000 from $40\,000 \times 5$		M1M0A0
	Answer 800 000 without either 40 000 shown or M2 awarded		M0M0A0
	Intermediate values for separate calculations are 960 000, 921 600, 884 736, 849 346.(...)		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
19	No ticked and correct reason or correct evaluation of the surface areas for any numerical or algebraic values or correct ratio of the surface areas	B2	eg 2 faces are hidden B1 No ticked
	Additional Guidance		
	Ignore irrelevant reasons or evaluations alongside a correct reason or evaluation, unless contradictory		
	“No” may be implied by a correct reason		
	Accept reasoning that uses A as a cube		
	No ticked and		
	A has 6, B has 10 (condone sides for faces)		B2
	A has 3, B has 5		B2
	A has 6 sides, on B each cube only has 5		B2
	Ratio is 3:5 (accept equivalent ratios)		B2
	The bottom and the top are missing (or covered)		B2
	When they are put together you lose two faces		B2
	You wouldn't count two sides (condone sides for faces)		B2
	Some of the faces are covered		B2
	You cannot see one side because they are stacked together		B2
	One face covered		B2
	Part of the area of A is covered where it joins B		B2
	Both touching sides		B2
	Yes ticked or Cannot tell ticked		B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments											
20(a)	0 and 3 in the correct positions	B2	B1 0 or 3 in the correct position											
	Additional Guidance													
	<table><tr><td>x</td><td>-3</td><td>-2</td><td>-1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>3</td><td>0</td><td>-1</td><td>0</td><td>3</td></tr></table>		x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	y	3	0	-1	0	3
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1									
y	3	0	-1	0	3									

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
20(b)	Plots at least three points correctly	M1	correct or ft their table in (a) $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square points may be implied by graph passing through them
	Correct graph drawn through the five correct points	A1	$\pm \frac{1}{2}$ small square smooth quadratic curve
	Additional Guidance		
	Correct graph drawn without plotting the correct points	M1A1	
	Ignore any extra points plotted		
	Ignore any part of graph drawn for $x < -3$ or $x > 1$		
	Ruled straight lines	A0	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
21	Alternative method 1		
	2450 ÷ (2 + 5) or 2450 ÷ 7 or 350	M1	oe
	their 350 × 5 or 1750 or their 350 × 2 or 700 or their 350 ÷ 4 or 87.5(0)	M1dep	oe $2450 \times \frac{5}{7}$ is M2 $2450 \times \frac{2}{7}$ is M2 2450 ÷ 28 is M2
	their 1750 ÷ 4 or (2450 – their 700) ÷ 4 or their 87.5(0) × 5 or 437.5(0)	M1dep	oe dep on M2 $350 \times \frac{5}{4}$ is M3
	437.5(0) and Yes	A1	accept 437.5(0) > 430
	Alternative method 2		
	2450 ÷ 4 or 612.5(0)	M1	oe
	their 612.5(0) ÷ (2 + 5) or their 612.5(0) ÷ 7 or 87.5(0)	M1dep	oe 2450 ÷ 28 is M2
	their 87.5(0) × 5 or their 612.5(0) – their 87.5(0) × 2 or 437.5(0)	M1dep	oe dep on M2 $612.5(0) \times \frac{5}{7}$ is M3
	437.5(0) and Yes	A1	accept 437.5(0) > 430

Mark scheme and Additional Guidance continue on the next page

21 cont	Alternative method 3		
	430×4 or 1720	M1	
	$2450 \div (2 + 5)$ or $2450 \div 7$ or 350	M1	oe
	their 350×5 or 1750 or their 350×2 or 700	M1dep	oe dep on 2nd M $2450 \times \frac{5}{7}$ is M2 $2450 \times \frac{2}{7}$ is M2
	1720 and 1750 and Yes	A1	$2450 - 1720 = 730$ and 700 and Yes
	Alternative method 4		
	430×4 or 1720	M1	
	their $1720 \div 5$ or 344 or their 1720×2 or 3440	M1dep	oe
	their 344×2 or their $3440 \div 5$ or 688	M1dep	oe dep on M2 $1720 \times \frac{2}{5}$ is M3
	2408 and Yes	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	Up to M3 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts		
	$2450 \div 7 \times 1.25$ or 350×1.25		M1M1M1
	Yes may be implied eg They receive 7.50 more than 430		M3A1
	Condone £437.50p and Yes		M3A1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
22	80 – 25 or 55 or 360 – 80 – 25 or 255	M1	oe implied by 1 degree = 2.4 people or 5 degrees = 12 people
	$\frac{132}{\text{their } 55} \times 360$ or 864 or $\frac{132}{\text{their } 55} \times 80$ or 192 or $\frac{132}{\text{their } 55} \times 25$ or 60 or $\frac{132}{\text{their } 55} \times \text{their } 255$ or $\frac{132}{\text{their } 55} \times (80 + 25)$ or 252 or $\text{their } 255 \div \frac{\text{their } 55}{132}$	M1dep	oe 2.4 × their 255 is M2 12 × 51 is M2 2.4 × 105 is M2
	612	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	Up to M2 may be awarded for correct work, with no answer or incorrect answer, even if this is seen amongst multiple attempts		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
23	Alternative method 1 – using tangent of an angle		
	tan chosen or used	M1	
	$\tan 58 = \frac{x}{46}$ or $46 \times \tan 58$ or $\tan 32 = \frac{46}{x}$ or $\frac{46}{\tan 32}$	M1dep	oe
	[73.6, 74]	A1	
	Alternative method 2 – finding hypotenuse first		
	$\frac{46}{\cos 58}$ or $\frac{46}{\sin 32}$ or 86.8(...) or 87	M1	oe
	$\sqrt{(\text{their } 86.8(\dots))^2 - 46^2}$ or $\sqrt{5418.(\dots)}$ or their $86.8(\dots) \times \sin 58$ or their $86.8(\dots) \times \cos 32$	M1dep	oe
	[73.6, 74]	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	Do not accept scale drawing		
	Answer 73 after answer in range seen		M1M1A1
	$\frac{\sin 32}{46} = \frac{\sin 58}{x}$		M1

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
24(a)	8 or 10	M1	8 may be implied by 2^2 or 4
	8 and 10 and $\frac{1}{40}$ or 0.025	A1	8 may be implied by 2^2 or 4 accept 0.03 with $\frac{1}{40}$ or 0.025 seen
	Additional Guidance		
	Do not allow exact calculations for M1A1 eg $4.113 = 4$ and $10.21 = 10$ and $\frac{1}{40}$		M1A0
	$\frac{1}{40}$ or 0.025 with 8 or 10 seen (8 may be implied by 2^2 or 4)		M1A0
	$\frac{1}{40}$ or 0.025 without 8 or 10 seen (8 may be implied by 2^2 or 4)		M0A0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
24(b)	Valid explanation	B1	eg both numbers have been rounded down
	Additional Guidance		
	Ignore irrelevant reasons alongside a correct reason, unless contradictory		
	Ignore a calculation using exact values alongside a correct reason eg 0.025 is greater than 0.0238... and both numbers rounded down		B1
	0.025 is greater than 0.0238...		B0
	The denominator is smaller		B1
	The denominator using the exact values is bigger		B1
	(Decimals) rounded down		B1
	Because 8.34 is more than 8 and 10.21 is more than 10		B1
	One is divided by less (with answer more)		B1
	Estimating rounds the numbers down which makes the denominator less		B1
	Estimating rounds the numbers down which makes it less		B0
	Because it rounds up		B0
	Because she rounded each number to one significant figure		B0
	The numbers get rounded up so more than the exact value		B0
	Rounded up when estimating		B0
	Removing the decimals makes the number bigger		B0

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
25(a)	$(x + 3)(x + 5)$	B2	either order B1 $(x + a)(x + b)$ where $ab = 15$ or $a + b = 8$
	Additional Guidance		
	Accept $1x$ for x throughout		
	$(3 + x) \times (x + 5)$		B2
	Condone missing final bracket eg $(5 + x)(3 + x$		B2
	Ignore any attempt to solve $(x + 3)(x + 5) = 0$ eg $(x + 3)(x + 5)$ followed by $x = 3, x = 5$		B2

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
25(b)	$(y =) -2 \quad (y =) 4$	B1	either order
	Additional Guidance		
	Accept any letter eg $x = -2 \quad x = 4$		B1
	-2 and 4 on the answer line		B1
	-2 and 4 written separately in the stem unless contradicted by answer line		B1
	-2 and 4 written with $(-2 + 2)(4 - 4)$ unless contradicted by answer line		B1
	$(-2 + 2)(4 - 4)$ on answer line		B0
	$(-2 + 2)(4 - 4)$ even if -2 and 4 circled or indicated as the embedded values		B0