

# GCSE MATHEMATICS 8300/3F

Foundation Tier Paper 3 Calculator

Mark scheme

November 2018

Version: 1.0 Final



Mark schemes are prepared by the Lead Assessment Writer and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation events which all associates participate in and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation process ensures that the mark scheme covers the students' responses to questions and that every associate understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for standardisation each associate analyses a number of students' scripts. Alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed and legislated for. If, after the standardisation process, associates encounter unusual answers which have not been raised they are required to refer these to the Lead Assessment Writer.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of students' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

Further copies of this mark scheme are available from aga.org.uk

## **Glossary for Mark Schemes**

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

If a student uses a method which is not explicitly covered by the mark scheme the same principles of marking should be applied. Credit should be given to any valid methods. Examiners should seek advice from their senior examiner if in any doubt.

М	Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
Α	Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
В	Marks awarded independent of method.
ft	Follow through marks. Marks awarded for correct working following a mistake in an earlier step.
SC	Special case. Marks awarded for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
M dep	A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
B dep	A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
oe	Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.
	eg accept 0.5 as well as $\frac{1}{2}$
[a, b]	Accept values between a and b inclusive.
[a, b)	Accept values a ≤ value < b
3.14	Accept answers which begin 3.14 eg 3.14, 3.142, 3.1416
Use of brackets	It is not necessary to see the bracketed work to award the marks.

Examiners should consistently apply the following principles

### **Diagrams**

Diagrams that have working on them should be treated like normal responses. If a diagram has been written on but the correct response is within the answer space, the work within the answer space should be marked. Working on diagrams that contradicts work within the answer space is not to be considered as choice but as working, and is not, therefore, penalised.

### Responses which appear to come from incorrect methods

Whenever there is doubt as to whether a student has used an incorrect method to obtain an answer, as a general principle, the benefit of doubt must be given to the student. In cases where there is no doubt that the answer has come from incorrect working then the student should be penalised.

### Questions which ask students to show working

Instructions on marking will be given but usually marks are not awarded to students who show no working.

### Questions which do not ask students to show working

As a general principle, a correct response is awarded full marks.

### Misread or miscopy

Students often copy values from a question incorrectly. If the examiner thinks that the student has made a genuine misread, then only the accuracy marks (A or B marks), up to a maximum of 2 marks are penalised. The method marks can still be awarded.

### **Further work**

Once the correct answer has been seen, further working may be ignored unless it goes on to contradict the correct answer.

### Choice

When a choice of answers and/or methods is given, mark each attempt. If both methods are valid then M marks can be awarded but any incorrect answer or method would result in marks being lost.

### Work not replaced

Erased or crossed out work that is still legible should be marked.

### Work replaced

Erased or crossed out work that has been replaced is not awarded marks.

### Premature approximation

Rounding off too early can lead to inaccuracy in the final answer. This should be penalised by 1 mark unless instructed otherwise.

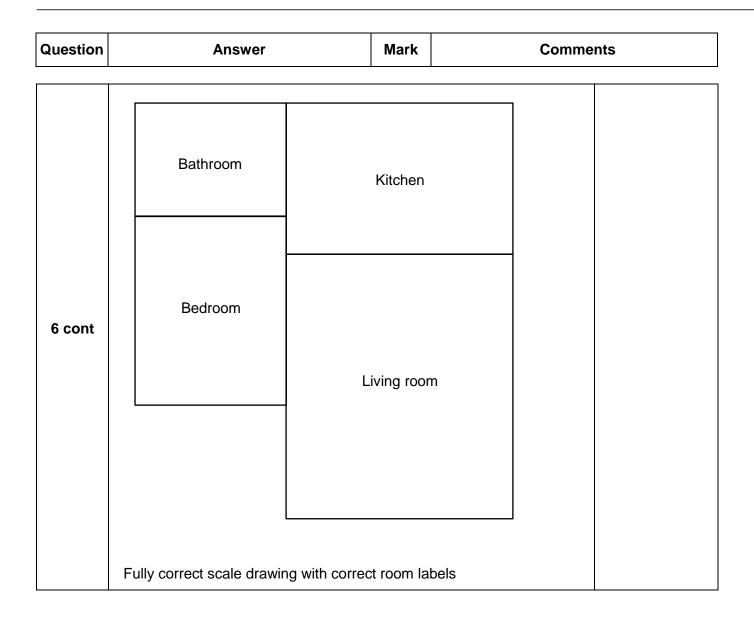
### **Continental notation**

Accept a comma used instead of a decimal point (for example, in measurements or currency), provided that it is clear to the examiner that the student intended it to be a decimal point.

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	7.8 cm	B1			
1		Additional Guidand	ce		
	90°	B1			
2		Additional Guidano	ce		
	2	B1			
3	Additional Guidance				
	3 25	B1			
4	Additional Guidance				
	96	B1			
5(a)		Additional Guidano	ce		
	72	B1			
5(b)		Additional Guidano	ce		
	<del></del>				

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	Any room correctly drawn to scale or any outline dimension correctly drawn to scale or any room dimension or outline dimension correctly scaled and clearly related	M1	± 2 mm may be on diagram		
6	At least two rooms correctly drawn to scale in correct position or correctly drawn outline of plan to scale	M1dep	± 2 mm		
	Fully correct scale drawing with correct room labels	A1	± 2 mm for outline and all lines must be ruled	internal lines	
	Additional Guidance				
	For 2nd method mark there should no correctly drawn to scale in correct pos				
	Fully correct scale drawing with incorre	M1M1A0			
	Check original diagram for clearly rela eg 8 (feet =) 4 (cm)	M1			
	Any correct outline dimension eg 16 (feet =) 8 (cm) or 20 (feet =) 1	0 (cm) or	22 (feet =) 11 (cm)	M1	

# Additional Guidance continues on next page



Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	Alternative method 1				
	19 + 11 + 14 + 32 + 16 + 9 or 101 or 31 + 18 + 28 + 12 or 89	M1			
	their 101 – their 89 + 20	M1dep	their 101 and their 89 must come from correct additions		
7	16	A1			
/	Alternative method 2				
	19 + 11 + 14 + 32 + 16 + 9 + 31 + 18 + 28 + 12 or 190	M1			
	(their 190 - 20) ÷ 2 or 85 or (their 190 + 20) ÷ 2 or 105	M1dep			
	16	A1			

# **Continues on next page**

Question		Ansv	ver		Mark	Commer	nts
	Alternative	metho	d 3				
	16 and correct eval after 16 mov				В3	B2 at least two correct the two groups after nu from A to B or a correct single evaluat groups after 16 moved  B1 a correct evaluation groups after a number it to B	ion of the two from A to B
				Add	litional G	uidance	
	16 with no or insufficient working for M1 (Alt1 and Alt2)					MO	
7 cont	Number  19  11  14  32  16  9  Differences	85 and	89 + 1	6 = 105 wi			B2
				• .		moved from A to B incorrect, without 16 as	B1

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1		
	300 × 3 or 900	M1	hot dog sales
	300 ÷ 6 or 50		packs of bread rolls
	or	M1	
	300 ÷ 10 or 30		jars of sausages
	their 50 x 42 (÷ 100) or 2100 or 21		dep on 2nd M1
	or		cost of bread rolls or cost of sausages
_	their 30 × 2.5(0) or 75		
8	or	M1dep	
	96		cost of bread rolls and sausages
	or		
	393		total costs
	their 900 – (their 21 + their 75 + 240		oe
	+ 57)	M1dep	dep on all M marks
	or	IVITUOP	total profit from sales – costs
	their 900 – their 393		
	507	A1	correct money notation

# Continues on next page

Question	Answer	Mark	Comme	nts	
	Alternative method 2				
	240 ÷ 300 or 0.8		market fee per hot dog	)	
	or				
	42 ÷ 6 or 7	1.44	cost of bread roll per h	ot dog	
	or 2.5(0) ÷ 10 or 0.25	M1	cost of sausage per ho	ot dog	
	or		cost of sausage per no	or dog	
	57 ÷ 300 or 0.19		other costs per hot do	g	
	Any two of				
	240 ÷ 300 or 0.8				
	42 ÷ 6 or 7	M1dep			
	2.5(0) ÷ 10 or 0.25				
-	57 ÷ 300 or 0.19	M1dep			
8 cont	their 0.8 + their 0.07 + their 0.25 + their 0.19		total cost per hot dog		
	or 1.31		their values must com calculations	e from correct	
			1.69 implies M3		
	(3 – their 1.31) × 300	Madas	total profit for 300 hot dogs		
	or 1.69 × 300	M1dep			
	507	A1	correct money notation		
	Additional Guidance				
	Accept working in pounds or pence for	all four m	nethod marks		
	In Alt1 units must be consistent for the	od mark			
	In Alt2 units must be consistent for the	od mark			
	Condone £507.00p		M1M1M1M1A1		
	Answer £507.0			M1M1M1M1A0	

Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts
	0 and 5 identified	M1		
	5	A1		
	Ad	ditional G	uidance	
9(a)	0 – 5 or 0 to 5 and answer 5			M1A1
	0 – 5 or 0 to 5 without answer 5			M1A0
	30 ÷ 6 = 5			M0A0
	0 . 4			
	$\frac{3+4}{2}$			
	or			
	$\frac{30+1}{2}$ or 15.5			
	_			
	or (between) 15th and 16th (value)			
	or			
	identifies 3 and 4	M1		
	or			
	correct numbers listed in either order to at least 16th value			
9(b)	0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4			
	or			
	5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 3			
	3.5	A1		
	Ad	uidance		
	Correct ordered list of at least 16 terms starting from 0 or 5			M1
	1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, correct ordered list starting from 5	, 4, 4, 4, 4	4, 4, 4, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5	M1
	$\frac{3+4}{2}$ = 3.5 and 3 or 4 houses writte	en on answ	ver line	M1A0

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts		
	Alternative method 1					
	185 000 + 239 000 + 136 000 or 560 000	M1				
	their 560 000 x 0.02	M1dep	oe			
	11 200	A1	SC1 33 600			
	Alternative method 2					
	185 000 × 0.02 or 3700 or 239 000 × 0.02 or 4780 or 136 000 × 0.02 or 2720	M1	oe			
	185 000 × 0.02 + 239 000 × 0.02 + 136 000 × 0.02 or their 3700 + their 4780 + their 2720	M1dep	oe			
9(c)	11 200	A1	SC1 33 600			
	Alternative method 3					
	185 000 × 1.02 or 188 700 or 239 000 × 1.02 or 243 780 or 136 000 × 1.02 or 138 720	M1	oe			
	(185 000 + 239 000 + 136 000) × 1.02 or 571 200		oe			
	or their 188 700 + their 243 780 + their 138 720	M1dep				
	11 200	A1	SC1 33 600			
	Ad					
	560 000 + 11 200			M1M1A0		
	560 000 × 0.02 = 11 200 with 11 20	0 × 3		M1M0A0		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments		
	$\frac{1}{5}$ or 0.2 or 20%	B1	B1 oe fraction, decimal or percentage		
	Ade	ditional G	uidance		
424	Ignore further working with any descr	iption of p	robability eg $\frac{1}{5}$ unlikely	B1	
10(a)	1:5 in working with $\frac{1}{5}$ on answer line	е		B1	
	1 : 5 on answer line			В0	
	1 out of 5 without $\frac{1}{5}$ in working			ВО	
	1/5 or 0.2 or 20%	B1	oe fraction, decimal or p	ercentage	
	Additional Guidance				
	Ignore further working with any descr	B1			
10(b)	1:5 in working with $\frac{1}{5}$ on answer line	B1			
	1 : 5 on answer line	В0			
	1 out of 5 without $\frac{1}{5}$ in working	В0			
	95 2 or 95 5 2 or 95 0.4				
	$85 \times \frac{2}{5}$ or $85 \div 5 \times 2$ or $85 \times 0.4$ or $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) = \frac{34}{85}$	M1			
10(c)	34	A1			
	Ade	ditional G	uidance		
	34 out of 85 on answer line			M1A1	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	729	B1	
11	А	dditional G	uidance
	2		
	$3\frac{3}{4}$	B1	
12	A	dditional G	uidance

Question	Answer	Mark	Cor	mments		
	Alternative method 1					
	15 <sup>2</sup> or 225	M1				
	their 225 ÷ 9 or 25	M1dep	oe			
	5	A1				
	Alternative method 2	,				
	√9 or 3					
	or	M1				
	$\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}}$ or $\frac{1}{3}$					
	15 ÷ their 3		oe			
	or	M1dep				
13	$15 \times \text{their } \frac{1}{3}$					
	5	A1				
	Alternative method 3					
	$\left(\frac{x}{15}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{9}$	M1	oe			
	$(x^2 =) \frac{15^2}{9}$ or 25	M1dep	oe			
	5	A1				
	3 <i>x</i> = 15			M1M1		
	$5^2 = 25$ without 5 on answer li	ne		M1M1A0		
	1:3 or 3:1			M1		

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
	<b>–</b> 8	B1		
	0	B1ft	ft their –8	
	Ad	ditional G	uidance	
14(a)	Mark answer line first  If either part of answer line is blank lo	ook for terr	ms in working	
	–20 and <i>–</i> 6			B0B1ft
	−20 and −16			B0B0ft
	÷ 5 then + 1	M1	implied by 2nd term 25 or correct first term for	their 25
	6	A1		
14(b)	Additional Guidance			
	6, 25 with no working seen or on dotted lines			M1A1
	2nd term 23 and 1st term 5.6 is the correct first term for their 25			M1A0
	25 with no incorrect working			M1
	Rotation	B1		
15	90° anticlockwise or 270° clockwise or $\frac{1}{4}$ turn anticlockwise or $\frac{3}{4}$ turn clockwise	B1		
	Origin or (0, 0) or O	B1		
	Ad	ditional G	uidance	
	Accept rotate etc for rotation			
	Do not accept turn for first B1			
	Combined transformations			B0B0B0

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	260 × 0.4(0) or 104(.00) or 260 × 40 or 10 400	M1	oe cost of claim	
	260 ÷ 52 or 5	M1	oe number of gallons	
	their 5 × 5.36 or 26.8(0)	M1dep	oe dep on 2nd M1 cost of petrol	
	77.20	A1		
	Alternative method 2			
	260 ÷ 52 or 5	M1	oe number of gallons	
16	$52 \times 0.4(0)$ or 20.80 or $52 \times 40$ or 2080	M1	oe claim per gallon	
	their 20.80 – 5.36 or 15.44 or their 2080 – 536 or 1544	M1dep	dep on 2nd M1 claim per gallon – cost per gallon	
	77.20	A1		
	Alternative method 3			
	5.36 ÷ 52 or 0.10 or 536 ÷ 52 or 10.()	M1	cost of petrol per mile	
	0.4 – their 0.10 or [0.2969, 0.3] or 40 – their 10.() or [29.69, 30]	M1dep	claim per mile – cost per mile	
	their [0.2969, 0.3] × 260 or their [29.69, 30] ÷ 100 × 260	M1dep		
	77.20	A1		
	Additional Guid	dance on i	next page	

Additional Guidance on next page

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments

	Additional Guidance				
	Accept working in pounds or pence for all three method marks				
16 cont Condone £77.20p 77.2		M1M1M1A1			
		M1M1M1			
	Answer £77.2	M1M1M1A0			

	[4.5, 4.9] (cm) or [45, 49] (mm)	M1	measurement		
	their measurement ÷ 1.5		oe		
	or				
	[4.5, 4.9] ÷ 1.5				
	or				
	[45, 49] ÷ 15	M1			
	or				
	[3, 3.3]				
	or				
	200 ÷ 1.5 or 133.(3)				
	600 or 613.() or [626, 627] or 640 or 653.()		SC2 [600, 660]		
17	or	A1			
	correct answer from their [4.5, 4.9] (cm) or their [45, 49] (mm), rounded or truncated				
	Additional Guidance				
	600 on answer line with no working or measurement shown			M1M1A1	
	4.7 cm measured				
	$4.5 \div 1.5 = 3$ and 600	M1M1A0			
	$0.2 \times 200 = 40$ with answer 640 (incorrect scaling method of 0.2 cm)				
	Measurement of 4.7 cm with answer 640			000	
	(incorrect answer for their measurement)			SC2	
	200, 200, 200 marked on diagram implies 4.5 and 3			M1M1	
	200 x 3 without measurement shown	implies 4.	5 and 3	M1M1	

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments
	Alternative method 1		
	(total number of presents =) 12	B1	
	83.4(0) ÷ their total number of presents	M1	
	6.95	A1	
	Alternative method 2		
	83.4(0) ÷ 4 or 20.85		
18	or 83.4(0) ÷ 3 or 27.80	M1	
	their 20.85 ÷ 3		
	or their 27.80 ÷ 4	M1dep	
	6.95	A1	
	Additional Guidance		

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
	Alternative method 1			
	$\frac{8}{5}$ and $\frac{5}{5}$		oe fractions with commo	on denominators
	or any correct ratio using integers or $\frac{1.6}{1.6+1} \text{ or } \frac{1.6}{2.6}$	M1	eg 16 : 10	
	8 13	A1	oe fraction eg $\frac{4000}{6500}$	
19(a)	Alternative method 2			
	$6500 \div (1.6 + 1)$ or 2500 or $6500 \div (1.6 + 1) \times 1.6$ or 4000 or $\frac{2500}{6500}$ or $\frac{5}{13}$ or $\frac{1}{2.6}$	M1	oe	
	8 13	A1	oe fraction eg $\frac{4000}{6500}$	
	Additional Guidance			
	1:0.625 or 1: $\frac{5}{8}$	B1	oe fraction	
19(b)	Additional Guidance			
	0.625 in working 1:0.6			В0
	up	B1		
20		ditional G	uidance	

M0A0A0

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
	109.5 in the correct position	B1	oe	
_	110.5 in the correct position		oe	
		B1	• Allow 110.49	
21			answers reversed score	B0B1
	Add	litional G	uidance	
-	110.4999			B1
-	110.4999			В0
	Any correct value	M1	11, 23, 37, 53, 71, 91,	113, 137, 163
	Selects 91 as the only incorrect	A1	oe	
	value with no errors in values given		eg stops at 91	
	91 and 13 (is a factor)		oe	
	or		eg 91 ÷ 7 = 13	
	91 and 7 (is a factor)	A1		
	or			
	91 and 13 x 7			
22	Additional Guidance			
<u> </u>	Ignore incorrect evaluations for first mark			
	Ignore all values for n greater than 9			
	Do not allow 11 within a list of prime numbers eg 2, 3, 5, 7, 11			
	Error in list eg 12, 23, 37, 53, 71, 91, 113, 137, 163 with 12 and 91 selected as not prime (not valid as incorrect)			M1A0A0
-	Error in list eg 12, 23, 37, 53, 71, 91, 113, 137, 163 with only 91			M1A0A0

selected as not prime (not valid as incorrect conclusion from their list)

 $9^2 + 9 + 1 = 91$  is incorrect working

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1 – Elimination	<b>1</b>		
	2t + c = 3.4(0) and 2t + 8c = 14.6(0)	M1	oe $8t + 4c = 13.6(0)$ and $t + 4c = 7.3(0)$ allow one error in scaling equations	
	8c - c = 14.6(0) - 3.4(0) or $7c = 11.2(0)$	M1dep	oe 8t - t = 13.6(0) - 7.3(0) or $7t = 6.3(0)$	
	c = 1.6(0) or 160	A1	t = 0.9(0) or 90	
	(Tea) £0.90 or 90p and (Coffee) £1.60 or 160p	A1	must be correct units	
23	Alternative method 2 – Substitution			
	$t = \frac{3.4(0) - c}{2}$ or $t = 7.3(0) - 4c$	M1	oe $c = 3.4(0) - 2t$ or $c = \frac{7.3(0) - t}{4}$	
	$\frac{3.4(0) - c}{2} + 4c = 7.3(0)$ or $2(7.3(0) - 4c) + c = 3.4(0)$	M1dep	oe t + 4(3.4(0) - 2t) = 7.3(0) or $2t + \frac{7.3(0) - t}{4} = 3.4(0)$	
	c = 1.6(0) or 160	A1	t = 0.9(0) or 90	
	(Tea) £0.90 or 90p and (Coffee) £1.60 or 160p	A1	must be correct units	

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Question	Answer	Mark	Commen	ts	
	Alternative method 3				
	A correctly evaluated trial of a value for tea and a value for coffee satisfying one statement and then substituted into the other statement	M1	eg $£1 + £1 + £1.40 = 3.4(0)$ and $£1 + 4 \times £1.40 = 6.6(0)$	)	
	A different correctly evaluated trial	M1dep			
	(Tea) 0.9(0) or 90 and (Coffee) 1.6(0) or 160 or a correctly evaluated trial with (Tea) 0.9(0) or 90 and (Coffee) 1.6(0) or 160	A1			
23 cont	(Tea) £0.90 or 90p and (Coffee) £1.60 or 160p	A1	must be correct units		
	Additional Guidance				
	Ignore incorrect trials alongside correct trials				
	Condone £1.60p or £0.90p				
	Allow working in pence				
	In Alt1 the 2nd method mark can be s scaling equations in the 1st method n				
	Both prices correct with no or insufficient working			M1M1A1A1	
	Tea 160p and Coffee 90p on answer line with no or insufficient working			M1M1A1A0	
	One price correct (with other price incorrect) and no or insufficient working eg Tea 90p and Coffee 140p with no or insufficient working			M0M0A0A0	
	eg Tea 90p and Coffee 140p with no	o or insuffi	cient working		

Question	Answer	Mark	Commer	nts
	Plots at least 3 points correctly	M1	Plots within the correct square	2 mm vertical
24(a)	Fully correct with all points joined	A1		
	Add	ditional G	uidance	
			B1	
	[4200, 4500]	B2	Any indication the 2018 figure is being increased for 2019	
			eg a point plotted for 2019 that is greater than 3780	
244	Additional Guidance			
24(b)	Answer in range with or without working			B2
	4300 – 4350 on answer line (both values in range)			B2
	4400 – 4600 on answer line (one value in range)			B1
	Answer outside of range but between 3780 and 4200			B1
	Answer outside of range but greater than 4500			B1

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments	
	Alternative method 1			
	(600 ×) 0.8 or 480	M1	oe	
	$600 \times 0.8^2$ or 384 or $600 \times 0.8^3$ or 307.2(0) or $600 \times 0.8^4$ or 245.76 or $600 \times 0.8^5$ or [196, 197]	M1dep		
	[196, 197] and incorrect	A1	oe eg 196.61 and no 196.61 still owed	
	Alternative method 2			
	600 × 0.2 or 120	M1	oe	
25	120 × 0.8 or 96 or 96 × 0.8 or 76.8(0) or 76.8(0) × 0.8 or 61.44 or 61.44 × 0.8 or [49.15, 49.16]	M1dep	oe eg (600 – 120) × 0.2 or 480 × 0.2	
	[403, 404] and incorrect	A1	oe eg paid off 403.39(2)	
	Alternative method 3			
	0.8	M1		
	0.8 <sup>5</sup> or 0.327 68 or 0.3277 or 0.328 or 0.33	M1dep		
	0.327 68 (or 0.3277 or 0.328 or 0.33) and incorrect	A1	oe	
	Additional Guidance			
	Ignore units			
	Full marks can be awarded for a correct explanation eg 120 and 96 calculated with a comment 'as soon as the payment is below 120 a month it cannot be paid off in five months'			

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments			
	1	B1				
26	Additional Guidance					
27	$0.9 \times \pi \div 2 \text{ or } 0.9\pi \div 2 \text{ or } 0.45\pi$ or $0.9 \times [3.14, 3.142] \div 2$ or $[2.82, 2.83] \div 2$ or $2.8 \div 2$ or $1.4$	M1	Large semicircle			
	$0.9 \div 3 \times \pi \div 2 \text{ or } 0.3\pi \div 2$ or $0.15\pi$ or $0.9 \div 3 \times [3.14, 3.142] \div 2$ or $0.94 \div 2$ or $0.47$	M1	Small semicircle  May be implied from usi small semicircles in nex	ed from using 1.4 for three		
	their 1.4 + 3 × their 0.47 + 2 × 0.75		oe dep on both marks			
	or $0.9\pi + 2 \times 0.75$ or $2 \times 1.4 + 2 \times 0.75$ or $4.3$	M1dep				
	305 ÷ their 4.3 or [70.4, 70.94]	M1dep	dep on previous mark			
	71 with working	A1				
	Additional Guidance					
	$0.9\pi$ or $2.8$ with no evidence of in	M1M1				
	$0.45\pi \div 2$			MO		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comment	ts		
	Alternative method 1					
28	$\frac{1}{2}x > 3 - 8$		oe			
	or $\frac{1}{2}x > -5$					
	or $8-3 > -\frac{1}{2}x$	M1				
	or $5 > -\frac{1}{2}x$					
	or $8 + \frac{1}{2}x > 3$					
	x > -10	A1	oe -10 < x			
	Alternative method 2					
	16 > 6 - x		oe			
	or $16 - 6 > -x$					
	or $10 > -x$	M1				
	or $x > 6 - 16$					
	or $16 + x > 6$					
	x > -10	A1	oe -10 < x			
	Additional Guidance					
	Answer using incorrect sign eg $x < -10$ or $x = -10$			M1A0		

Question	Answer	Mark	Comments			
29	$\cos x = \frac{9}{10}$	M1	oe eg $\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{10^2 - 9^2}}{10}$ $\tan x = \frac{\sqrt{10^2 - 9^2}}{9}$			
	25.8 or 26	A1				
	Additional Guidance					
	$\cos = \frac{9}{10} x = 25.8 \text{ (recovered)}$			M1A1		
	$\cos = \frac{9}{10}$			M0A0		