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# Mark Scheme (Results) 

March 2013

GCSE Biology 5BI2H/01

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| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a ) ( i )}$ | B |  | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a)(ii) | Any two from the following: <br> - diffusion (1) <br> - from an area of high concentration to an area of low concentration/down a concentration gradient (1) <br> - through stoma / stomata (1) | Accept pores / between guard cells <br> Ignore through guard cells | (2) |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1(a)(iii) | Any three from the following: <br> - (by) photosynthesis (1) <br> - ref to chloroplast / chlorophyll (1) <br> - requires carbon dioxide and water (1) <br> - light (energy) needed (for photosynthesis)(1) <br> - (to produce) glucose (1) | I gnore incorrect balancing of equations throughout <br> Reject (and) respiration <br> Accept if written on arrow in word / formula equation <br> Accept correct formulae word / formula equation <br> Accept if written on arrow in word / formula equation Reject energy is created / produced <br> Accept sugar from word / formula equation | (3) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( b )}$ |  |  | 3 lines, 1 correct $=0$ mark <br> 3 lines, 2 correct $=1$ mark |
|  |  | water——osmosis (1) | 4 lines, 1 correct $=0$ mark <br> 4 lines, 2 correct $=0$ mark |


|  | mineral ions active transport (1) |  | (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| 2(a)(i) | - height / growth increases until 15/18 (years old) (1) <br> - height / growth starts to level off / plateau / slows down after 15/18 (1) | Accept increases and then levels off / height increases (until 20) for 1 mark <br> ecf on figures quoted Accept growth stops after 18 | (2) |
| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| 2(a)(ii) | - 155 / 155.5-132 / 132.5 <br> (cm) (1) <br> - answer between 22 and 23.5 (cm) (1) | Two marks for correct bald answer <br> ecf 2 marks cannot be awarded if mp 1 not correct | (2) |
| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| 2(a)(iii) | An explanation linking two points <br> - $95 \%$ will be smaller / that height or smaller <br> OR <br> $5 \%$ will be taller / at that height or taller (1) <br> - at that age (1) |  | (2) |
| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| 2(b)(i) | transcription (1) | Accept phonetic spelling | (1) |
| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| 2(b)(ii) | A |  | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a)(i) | - (heart rate =) 198 to 200 (1) <br> - $(0.18 \times 198$ to $200=)$ 35.6 to 36 (1) | 2 marks for correct bald answer ecf | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | $\mathrm{B}-12.8 \mathrm{mmol} \mathrm{dm}^{-3}$ |  | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3 ( a ) ( \text { iii) }}$ | D - the concentration of lactic <br> acid is not dependent on heart <br> rate |  | (1) |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a)(iv) | Any three from the following: <br> - lactic acid increases / more lactic acid produced (as exercise increases) (1) <br> - using more energy /muscles working / contracting harder / faster (1) <br> - aerobic respiration at its maximum (rate) (1) <br> - as oxygen not supplied fast enough / muscles not getting enough oxygen (1) <br> - anaerobic respiration occurs (producing lactic acid) (1) | Accept stops I gnore breathing <br> Accept body Accept not enough oxygen / oxygenated blood | (3) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(b) | Any three from the following: |  |  |
| -(concentration of lactic <br> acid) decreases (1) | Accept amount |  |  |
| - lactic acid broken down(1) | - using oxygen / oxidised(1) <br> - into carbon dioxide and <br> water (1) | Accept if written in a word or <br> formula equation for MP3 and <br> MP4 | ref to oxygen debt / EPOC <br> (1) |
|  |  | (3) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(a) | A suggestion including any three <br> linked points <br> - ref to use of enzymes (1) <br> -isolate / remove /cut out <br> gene / DNA (for <br> resistance)(1) <br> - (coding for) enzyme (1) <br> - from bacteria (1) <br> - insertion of gene / DNA <br> into crops / plants (1)Any named enzyme must be in <br> correct context. | Reject replace | Ignore plasmids |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 ( b )}$ | $\bullet$ in the phloem (1) | Accept phonetic spelling e.g. <br> phloem / flowem | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(c)(i) | A description including two of the <br> following points <br> -0 to $10 / 11$ no effect / <br> change $/$ difference (1) <br> -$10 / 11$ to $28 / 29 / 30$ <br> decrease in mass / yield <br> (1) <br> - Over $28 / 29 / 30$ no change <br> (1)Accept decreases for 1 mark (if <br> no other marks awarded) | ecf throughout | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(c)(ii) | B -30 arbitrary units |  | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 4(d)(i) | •number of species <br> increase / go up (1) | Ignore number of weeds | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answers | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4(d)(ii) | Suggestions including two of the <br> following linked points <br> - increased use of herbicide- <br> resistant crops (1) | Ignore ref to evolution / natural <br> selection <br> Ignore immune (to herbicide) |  |
| increased use <br> (concentration / time) of <br> herbicide (1) | ref to transfer of genes <br> into weeds from other <br> plants / cross pollination <br> (1) | Accept cross breeding / herbicide <br> reproduction / contamination | (2) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a )}$ | C peristalsis |  | (1) |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( b )}$ | - neutralisation (of stomach |  |  |
| acid) / raise pH (1) |  |  |  |$\quad$| Accept makes stomach / |
| :--- |
| intestine contents more alkaline |$\quad$| Accept breaks down large |
| :--- |
| droplets / globules / increases |
| surface area of fats |
| Reject molecules broken down |$\quad$ (2) | down of fats (1) break |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number |  | Indicative Content | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QWC | *5(c) | A description including some of the following points in a logical sequence <br> Names of enzymes: <br> - carbohydrases <br> - named carbohydrase eg amylase <br> - proteases <br> - named protease eg pepsin <br> - lipases <br> - named lipase <br> General points about enzyme action: <br> - breakdown of large / insoluble / named molecules into small / soluble / named molecules <br> - for absorption <br> - catalysts <br> - speeds up reactions <br> - active sites that bind to substrate <br> - idea of specificity <br> Specific points: <br> - carbohydrates/ starch are broken down <br> - into sugars / glucose <br> - proteins / named protein are broken down <br> - into amino acids <br> - fats / oils / lipids / named lipid are broken down <br> - into fatty acids / glycerol | (6) |
| Level | 0 | No rewardable content |  |
| 1 | 1-2 | - a limited description of enzyme action that includes at lea points <br> - the answer communicates ideas using simple language and limited scientific terminology <br> - spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy | three uses |
| 2 | 3-4 | - a simple description of enzyme action that includes at lea points <br> - the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropria <br> spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accu | six <br> clarity ely uracy |
| 3 | 5-6 | - a detailed description of at least nine points <br> - the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently us range of scientific terminology accurately <br> - spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(d) | An explanation linking three of the following points <br> - (E) more /fast / maximises diffusion / absorption (1) <br> - (S) microvilli (1) <br> - (E) large surface area (1) <br> - (S) single layer of cells / one cell thick / thin walls (1) <br> - (E) small diffusion distance (1) <br> - (S) capillary network / good blood supply / capillaries inside villus (1) <br> - (E) maintains diffusion gradient (1) | To award all three marks at least one structure (S) and explanation (E) must be linked together. <br> Award once, linked to any structure Ignore efficient (in stem) / easier <br> Reject ref to cell wall | (3) |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(a) | A description including the following linked points <br> - ref to a gene (coding for protein)(1) <br> - sequence of bases determines sequence of amino acids (1) <br> - idea of one code / triplet / codon / 3 bases (for one amino acid) (1) <br> - several amino acids make up a protein / (poly)peptide (1) <br> - transcription / detail of transcription (1) <br> - translation / detail of translation (1) | Accept on either DNA or RNA base pairs <br> Accept a chain of amino acids <br> eg mRNA made <br> eg mRNA attached to ribosome | (4) |


| Question Number |  | Indicative Content | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QWC | * 6(b) | A description including some of the following points in a logical sequence <br> Points relating to DNA structural features: <br> - two strands <br> - double helix <br> - (contains) bases <br> - A, T, C, G <br> - adenine / A paired with thymine / T <br> - guanine / G paired with cytosine / C <br> - hydrogen / H bonds joining bases <br> Contributions from Scientists: <br> - X-ray (crystallography) being used <br> - to show helical structure <br> - to show diameter of molecule <br> - how base pairs are arranged was shown <br> - how strands are arranged was shown <br> - modelling <br> - reference to using other people's ideas | (6) |
| Level | 0 | No rewardable content |  |
| 1 | 1-2 | - a limited description that includes either: at least three DNA features OR one contribution <br> - the answer communicates ideas using simple language and limited scientific terminology <br> - spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with limited accuracy | uses |
| 2 | 3-4 | - a simple description that includes at least three features and at least one contribution OR two features of DNA and contributions. <br> - the answer communicates ideas showing some evidence and organisation and uses scientific terminology appropria <br> - spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with some accur | D DNA two <br> clarity ely curacy |
| 3 | 5-6 | - a detailed description of the structure of DNA that include least three features and two contributions. <br> - the answer communicates ideas clearly and coherently us range of scientific terminology accurately <br> - spelling, punctuation and grammar are used with few errors |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Acceptable answers | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(c) | An explanation to include two of the following points linked together <br> - genes / base sequence (on human chromosome) identified (1) <br> - identification of faulty / mutated genes (1) <br> - people can be tested for a genetic disorder (1) <br> - ref to development of gene therapy (1) <br> - idea that appropriate /early /personalised / genomic medication / counselling can be given (1) | Accept base pair sequence gene map <br> Accept idea that genes can be linked to disease <br> Accept diagnosis of cancer <br> Accept a description of gene therapy | (2) |

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